(c) by when these sports centres are likely to start functioning?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Question does not arise.

(c) Sports is a State subject and promotion of sports in the State is the responsibility of respective State Government. However, in order to augment the efforts of the State Government, the Govt. of India, through Sports Authority of India, is implementing following Sports Promotion Schemes for development of Sports in the country.

1. National Sports Talent Contest (NSTC)

2. Army Boys Sports Company (ABSC)

3. SAI Training Centre (STC)

4. Special Area Games (SAG)

5. Centre of Excellence (COX)

In the State of Madhya Pradesh, Sports Authority of India is having three SAI Training Centres at Dhar, Jabalpur, & Bhopal, two NSTC Centres at Indore & Jabalpur and also one ABSC Centre at ISTC, Jabalpur.

Apart from above the SAI NS Central Regional Centre has been shifted from Delhi to Bhopal. Govt. of Madhya Pradesh has allotted 100 acres of land for this project where facilities for hockey, basketball, volleyball, football, archery etc. along with hostels for boys and girls have been planned.

Educating athletes about banned substances

1478. SHRI AIMADUDDIN AHMAD KHAN (DURRU): Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the fact that around 50 Indian sportspersons have tested positive to various banned substances;

(b) if so, the details in this regard;

(c) whether most of those sportspersons who have tested positive have pleaded their ignorance about the substances which had put them in the dock;

(d) if so, whether there is any proposal under the consideration of Government to initiate steps to educate sportspersons about the drug menace; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. As a result of dope tests conducted during the National Championships, number of sportspersons were found guilty of doping.

Details of such disciplines in which sports persons were found positive in the last one year are furnished below:-

1.	Powerlifting	- National Bench Press Championship, July, 2002	-7
2.	Swimming	- Random Testing August, 2002	-1
3.	Powerlifting	- National Championship August, 2002	-8
4.	Powerlifting	- Random Testing September, 2002	-2
5.	Athletics	- Random Testing September, 2002	-1
6.	Powerlifting	- Random Testing Nov., 2002	-3
7.	Athletics	- National Championship (U-22), Nov., 2002	-1
8.	Powerlifting	- Junior National Championship Dec., 2002	-2
9.	Footbal	- Random Testing Jan., 2003	-1

10.	Athletics	- Junior National Championship Jan., 2003	-3
11.	Weightlifting	- Junior National Championship Jan., 2003	-23
12.	Boxing	- Random Testing Feb., 2003	-2
13.	Weightlifting	- National Championship March, 2003	-4
14.	Swimming	- National Games Dec., 2002	-1
15.	Rowing	- -do-	-1
16.	Volleyball	- -do-	-1
17.	Athletics	- -do-	-08
18.	Cycling	- -do-	-01
19.	Boxing	- -do-	-03
20.	Weightlifting	- -do-	-06
		TOTAL	79

(c) to (e) In such matters inquiry is conducted by the concerned National Sports Federations (NSF) as per their rules/ rules of their International body.

The Indian Olympic Association and National Sports Federations are primarily the action taking authorities. However, Government of India, through Sports Authority of India, has taken a lead and made serious efforts to keep away sports persons from use of any kind of prohibited drugs. During the coaching camps, strict instructions have been issued to the coaches attached with the campers to educate and regularly counsel the players about the banned drugs. Apart from this, the Sports medicine doctors at NS NIS, Patiala and other regional centres conduct lectures, where camps are being held, to educate the players not to use any banned drugs. At the time of commencement of the camp, each player is being provided with documents and brochures about banned substances. The list of banned drugs and placards for education of players are being put

in the rooms of the campers. Rooms and belongings of the players are also searched and checked at regular intervals to see that no banned drugs are used besides testing the urine samples of sports persons during the coaching camps at random. Sports persons who have been found positive for Dope are removed from the camp/SAI Schemes and action is initiated against their coaches also if found guilty.

Nehru Yuvak Kendras in Arunachal Pradesh

1479. SHRI NABAM REBIA: Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

(a) the names of Nehru Yuvak Kendras functioning at present in Arunachal Pradesh;

(b) the details of facilities being provided by these Kendras to the Youths of the State; and

(c) the details of funds allotted for setting up more NYK in the State during 2003-2004?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) The names of Nehru Yuva Kendras(NYKs) functioning at present in Arunachal Pradesh are as under:-

1. ALONG (SIANG) 3. DAPORIZO (U-SOS)

2. ZIRO (L-SUS) 4. TEZU (LOHIT)

(b) NYKS accomplishes its task through two categories of programmes for the development of non-student rural youth. These are *viz.* Regular Programmes and Schemes of the Ministry entrusted to NYKs for implementation. The Regular Programmes are Youth Club Development, Vocational Training, Work Camp, Awareness Generation, Cultural Programme, Sports Promotion, Adventure Promotion, Seminars and Workshops and Celebration of National and international Days/Weeks. The Schemes of the Ministry entrusted to NYKs for implementation are National Service Volunteers Scheme, National Reconstruction Corps, Financial Assistance to Rural Sports and Youth Clubs, Award to Outstanding Youth Clubs at District, State and National level and Youth Development Centre.